

## Appendix B

Suppose a process characteristic  $X$  follows a distribution with the cumulative distribution function  $F_X(x)$  and the probability density function  $f_X(x)$ . The fraction of nonconforming, the probability of an item falling outside specified tolerance limits, can be derived as:

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_W(0) &= P[W(X) = 0] \\
 &= P[X \leq LSL] + P[X \geq USL] \\
 &= F_X(LSL) + 1 - F_X(USL). \tag{B.1}
 \end{aligned}$$

For the case with  $w > 0$ , the cumulative distribution function of  $W(X)$ , can be obtained as

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_W(w) &= P[W(X) \leq w] \\
 &= P[W(X) = 0] + P[0 < W(X) \leq w \mid LSL < X \leq T] \\
 &\quad + P[0 < W(X) \leq w \mid T \leq X < USL] \\
 &= P[W(X) = 0] + P[0 < 1 - [(T - X)/d_t]^2 \leq w \mid LSL < X \leq T] \\
 &\quad + P[0 < 1 - [(X - T)/d_u]^2 \leq w \mid T \leq X < USL] \\
 &= P[W(X) = 0] + P[0 < d_t^2 - (T - X)^2 \leq d_t^2 w \mid LSL < X \leq T] \\
 &\quad + P[0 < d_u^2 - (X - T)^2 \leq d_u^2 w \leq w \mid T \leq X < USL] \\
 &= P[W(X) = 0] + P[d_t^2(1 - w) < (T - X)^2 \leq d_t^2 \mid LSL < X \leq T] \\
 &\quad + P[d_u^2(1 - w) \leq (X - T)^2 < d_u^2 \mid T \leq X < USL] \\
 &= P[W(X) = 0] + P[d_t\sqrt{1 - w} \leq (T - X) < d_t \mid LSL < X \leq T] \\
 &\quad + P[d_u\sqrt{1 - w} \leq (X - T) < d_u \mid T \leq X < USL] \\
 &= P[W(X) = 0] + P[LSL < X \leq T - d_t\sqrt{1 - w}] \\
 &\quad + P[T + d_u\sqrt{1 - w} \leq X < USL] \\
 &= [F_X(LSL) + 1 - F_X(USL)] + [F_X(T - d_t\sqrt{1 - w}) - F_X(LSL)] \\
 &\quad + [F_X(USL) - F_X(T + d_u\sqrt{1 - w})] \\
 &= 1 + F_X(T - d_t\sqrt{1 - w}) - F_X(T + d_u\sqrt{1 - w}), \quad 0 \leq w \leq 1. \tag{B.2}
 \end{aligned}$$