

運用 QFT / H_∞ 方法設計多輸入多輸出之懸吊系統

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摘要

本論文將 QFT / H_∞ 之設計方法用於四分之一車子(Quarter Car)的懸吊系統 (Suspension System)上，再配合 MIMO 控制理論將控制器設計出來。此四分之一車子的懸吊系統的控制器是以混合靈敏度標準 H_∞ 架構(Mixed Sensitivity Standard H_∞ Regular Structure)計算求得的。此控制器之主要架構亦包含三個權重函數(Weight Function)，此三個權重函數分別為靈敏度權重函數(Sensitivity Weighting Function, W_s)、控制權重函數(Control Effort Weighting Function, W_{un})以及互補靈敏度權重函數(Complementary Sensitivity Weighting Function, W_T)。靈敏度權重函數屬低頻加權，是用來調整靈敏度函數 S 。選取夠小的靈敏度權重函數使得在給定的控制頻寬內，以降低干擾，如性能(Performance)，以及選取夠小的互補靈敏度權重函數，使得在希望的控制頻寬以外，能幫助確保較好的穩定度邊界，如穩健度(Robustness)。控制權重函數目的是用來限制系統在高頻時之增益，抑制感測器雜訊干擾，以及調整系統在高頻時增益衰減的速度。

控制方法係結合 QFT / H_∞ 技術解決二維自由度(2-Degree-of-Freedom)之系統。本論文所提出的方法包含兩種型式，第一種是系統有未確定(Uncertainty)變數之穩健控制

(Robust Control)方法。在此控制方法中，控制器是處於一維自由度(1-Degree-of-Freedom)的架構經由 H_∞ 方法所設計的。第二種的設計方法是 H_∞ 結合 QFT 的方法，在迴路外加上一前置濾波器(Prefilter)，此架構為二維自由度之系統。此一架構可藉由傳統控制理論來完成軌跡追蹤(Tracking)的結果，並將 H_∞ 結合 QFT 的設計程序應用到四分之一車的懸吊系統上，使得 MIMO 懸吊系統之位移在給定的邊界內。



QFT / H_∞ Controller Design of an MIMO Suspension System

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ABSTRACT

This dissertation uses a combined QFT / H_∞ design method for the quarter-model vehicle suspension system to design a controller for the multi-input multi-out (MIMO) control algorithm. This research calculates the controller parameters of the quarter-model suspension system by the mixed-sensitivity standard H_∞ regular structure. The controller of the main structure containing three weighting functions, sensitivity weighting function W_s , control effort weighting function W_{un} , and complementary weighting function W_T . The sensitivity weighting function, weighted for low frequency, shapes sensitivity function S . Choosing W_s to be small inside the desired control bandwidth to achieve good disturbance attenuation (i.e., performance), and choosing W_T to be small outside the control bandwidth, help to ensure a good stability margin (i.e., robustness). A control effort weighting function confines the system gain at high frequency, to suppress sensor noise disturbance, and adjusts the gain decay speed at high frequency. The QFT / H_∞ combined

techniques copy a 2-degree-of-freedom (2DOF) system. This dissertation proposes two-types of design methodologies. The first design method describes the robust control method, by which the 1-degree-of-freedom (1DOF) structure designs the controller. The second design method adds a pre-filter into the 1DOF, or the 2DOF structure. The current study uses this structure to outcome tracking by the classical control theory, and applies the combined QFT / H_{∞} design procedures in the vehicle quarter-model suspension system, such that displacement of the MIMO suspension system lies in the given boundaries.

Keywords: *QFT/ H_{∞} robustness, Weighting function, MIMO system*



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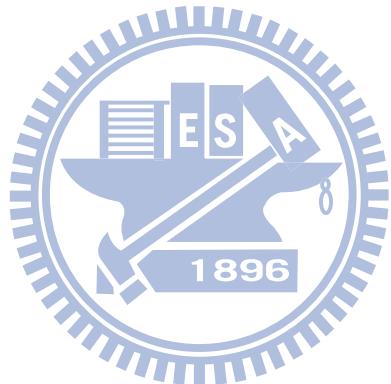
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NOMENCLATURE

f_1	: The driving force
f_2	: The driving force
y_1	: The displacement
y_2	: The displacement
M_1	: The mass
M_2	: The mass
B_1	: The damper
B_2	: The damper
K_1	: The spring constant
K_2	: The spring constant
W_s	: The weighting function of sensitivity function
W_{un}	: The weighting function of control effort function
W_T	: The weighting function of complementary sensitivity function
F	: The pre-filter
d	: The disturbance
n	: The sensor noise
G	: The controller
P	: The plant
r	: The input command
z	: The error signal
w	: The external disturbance
ω_n	: Undamped natural
ζ	: Damping ratio
M_p	: Maximum overshoot
t_s	: Settling time