### Growth and annealing effect of the ZnO thin film on

#### c-sapphire by Atomic Layer Deposition

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#### Abstract

Structural characteristics of the ZnO epitaxial films grown on c-plane sapphire by atomic layer deposition method were thoroughly studied. The morphology of thin film is smooth. The in-plane axes of the c-plane oriented ZnO layers are predominantly aligned with that of the sapphire substrate, yielding the relationship of  $\{10\bar{1}0\}_{ZnO} \parallel \{10\bar{1}0\}_{Al_2O_3}$ . The minor orientation with a 30° in-plane twist configuration, i.e.  $\{10\bar{1}0\}_{ZnO} \parallel \{11\bar{2}0\}_{Al_2O_3}$ , which is more commonly observed in ZnO films grown by metal organic chemical vapor deposition, pulsed laser deposition and other methods, only amounts to less than 3% and can be eliminated by thermal annealing. The structure of the ZnO epi-films exhibits significantly improvement upon thermal annealing and intrinsic types of basal plan stacking faults are the predominant structural defects in the ZnO after thermal treatment.

#### 利用原子層磊晶術成長氧化鋅薄膜於藍寶石基板上及

#### 其退火效應

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#### 摘要

利用原子層磊晶術成長在藍寶石基板的氧化鋅薄膜被我們詳細 的研究與了解.薄膜的表面是十分得平坦的.在薄膜的成長中,沿著 C 軸堆疊在藍寶石基板的氧化鋅占了絕大多數.而氧化鋅和藍寶石基 板之間比較沒有像利用脈衝雷射蒸鍍製程和有機金屬化學氣相沉積 法成長的氧化鋅那樣,介面之間有旋轉了三十度.而是直接向上成 長{1010}<sub>2n0</sub> ||{1010}<sub>Al,0</sub>,占少部分大約百分之三的有旋轉的部分,經過 退火處理之後,這種結構幾乎可以完全消除.氧化鋅的晶體結構可 以在退火處理大大的改善.經過退火之後,壘層缺陷是氧化鋅薄膜 最主要的結構缺陷.

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