

# 非揮發性記憶體之低功率消耗及低工作電壓之 感測放大器

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## 摘 要

本論文提出一個新的感測放大器和一個新的感測方法來感測的快閃記憶體存放內容,藉由新的資料線預充方法,本文所提出的感測放大器能達到低功率消耗且能在低供應電源下(小於 1 伏特)正常工作,讀取快閃記憶體存放內容。

本文所提出的感測放大器在 0.25 微米及 0.18 微米的快閃記憶體製程下,已經獲得充分的驗證,並已經應用在量產產品上面,而且從晶片的特性分析得到很好的實驗結果。

根據模擬結果,在 0.18 微米的製程下,操作電壓 2 伏特,1 兆赫茲工頻率下,每個感測放大器所消耗的功率約 3.7 微安。存取速度方面,在操作電壓 1.6 伏特,工作溫度攝氏 125 度,感測放大器的讀取速度約 40 奈秒。與傳統感測放大器相較下,功率消耗大幅下降(每個感測放大器約 80%)且不犧牲讀取速度。

# A Novel Sense Amplifier for low power consumption/low power supply used in Non-Volatile Memory

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## **ABSTRACT**

This paper presents a novel sense amplifier that uses a novel bit line pre-charge scheme and flash cell's data content sensing scheme to meet lower power dissipation and for lower power supply ( $\sim 1\text{v}$ ) application.

The proposed sense amplifier is well proven in  $0.25\mu\text{m}$  and  $0.18\mu\text{m}$  flash memory (Silicon Storage Tech., SST). And gets a good performance (lower power dissipation than conventional sense amplifier) from silicon characterization.

For  $0.18\mu\text{m}$ , the simulation result for the power dissipation is as low as  $3.7\mu\text{A}$  (under  $2.0\text{v}$ , FF corner,  $1\text{M}$  Hertz) per sense amplifier. And the access speed is faster than  $40\text{ns}$  under worst case ( $1.6\text{v}$ ,  $125\text{C}$ , worst process corner). Based on silicon's characterization result, the access time is  $16\text{ns}$  under typical condition and the power consumption is around  $100\mu\text{A}$  under  $1\text{M}$  Hz, typical condition. (whole chip that include address buffer and output buffer)

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